

WASHINGTON

RECLAMATION OF NEVADA.

Great Future Will Be Due to General Irrigation.

Half a Million Population is Expected by Next.

Finances of the Philippines in Better Shape—The Cabinet.

Cruiser's Repairs.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)
WASHINGTON, October 12.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) "Nevada" will within the next thirty or fifty years become a State of half a million people," said F. H. Newell, chief hydrographer of the Geological Survey, who is in charge of the irrigation work to the New York Evening Post's correspondent today. This prediction represents the aims of the irrigation work, and it can be anywhere nearly realized, the advantage to the country in converting a "barren" into a State of agricultural homes can hardly be exaggerated. The passage of the national irrigation act has been followed by an early start of the reclamation of Nevada. Truckee Dam is now under construction, a contract for \$200,000 there has already been let, while its ultimate cost will be several millions.

A definite policy has been adopted regarding the cost of irrigation works. The government intends to undertake only those improvements on which it can get its money back within ten years, but without interest and without profit. Whenever the work is completed, its cost will be divided into ten parts, and each made an annual assessment on the land which is to be benefited. Home seekers will then take up land upon these terms, and not until their tenth installment has been paid will they get a title to it.

Default in payments at an early stage will throw the land open for new entry. When irrigation works are undertaken in a community where title to the land has already passed from the government, private owners will have to give a mortgage on their property, binding them to pay these ten annual installments before they can have water. It will be for them to decide whether to make the connection. The terms of these contracts have been carefully examined by the law officers of the department, and it is believed that there is no loophole left for government loss, except through the construction of works which the private owners would not be willing to shoulder on the proposed basis.

PHILIPPINE FINANCES.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Col. E. A. Wards, chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs of the War Department, who has been managing in this country the finances of the Philippine government and carrying out the act of the last Congress for supplying the Philippines with currency recently called to the Philippine Commission at Manila, should now be in the islands in 1932-33.

FLORIDA'S FRUIT CROP.

Oranges May Show Falling Off in Quantity, but Quality is Fine.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Mason M. Clark, the Florida orange operator, returned to New York after a three weeks' trip through the State's orange sections. "The crop," said Clark, "according to my figuring and according to one of the most shrewd and conservative observers and experts in the State, will not reach the two-million mark this season. Around 1,750,000 boxes is, in our judgment, a more accurate figure. The quality of the fruit is excellent, generally speaking, and the groves are looking finer than I ever saw them before. Barring one unforeseen visitation of nature, Florida's orange growers should have a most excellent season. There is a far larger proportion of 'brilliant' than last year, and the sizes of the fruit promises to be more desirable than in some years heretofore. Just now the weather is ideal from the orange grower's standpoint, warm days and cool nights, thus insuring development and sweetening.

"The grape-fruit crop will be no larger than, if indeed as large as, last year's output, but the quality is excellent, and there will be a larger proportion of bright fruit.

"The much-talked-of hurricane did very little material damage. In De Soto and Lee counties, which were chock full of fruit, the storm did an amount of damage that may range from 10 to 20 per cent. no more at the top-lotliest and most prolific figures, and there are loads and loads of good fruit left. Outside of those two counties there was a scattering damage of say 5 per cent. not more, and perhaps less, some sections being entirely unscathed."

DEATH WON THE RACE.

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SCHWAB'S STOCK SAFE FROM SMITH.

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It is probable that the Philippine Commission will demonstrate Mexican dollars January 1, 1904, but at the rate Mexican dollars are now leaving the islands, it appears that such action will have little effect. For the first nine days of October, 335,000 Mexican dollars have been imported. The Philippine Commission will take steps to get into the Philippine treasury by January 1, all the Spanish coins in circulation, the intention being to leave the new Philippine pesos in their stead.

Cablegrams received today from Gov. Taft stated the buying rate for gold at Manila was 2.18 and the selling rate 2.20. This in Manila, it is supposed, represents the rate for the Philippine Banking interests estimate that there is no more than 4,000,000 Mexican pesos in the islands at the present time.

The London parity of silver today was equal to \$1.25 cents per ounce here. The purchases for the furthering of the Philippine peso will be about \$100,000,000, or five hundred thousand ounces.

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CABINET MEETING.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

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Postmaster General Payne called attention to the great increase in the number of free rural delivery routes throughout the country. At the close of the last fiscal year there were 15,126. Since that time the total has grown to nearly twenty thousand.

ROAD TO TONTO DAM.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

It is Proposed to Build Phoenix, Tempe and Mesa City to Defray Cost of Construction.

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YELLOW-FEVER RECORD.

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INCREASE in the Number of Deaths at Laredo—Condition of Consul Garrett at Nuevo Laredo Takes a Bad Turn.

LAREDO (Tex.) Oct. 12.—The yellow fever record of the past twenty-four hours shows an increase in the number of deaths, the number being 4; total number of cases to date, 273; total number of deaths to date, 14.

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GERMANY KAISER LACKS MONEY FOR NAVAL PROGRAMME.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

MUST SPREAD OUT EXPENDITURE OVER LONG TERM OF YEARS.

Government Will Soon Find It Necessary at Cost of About Twenty Millions to Re-arm Army, Present Weapons Being Somewhat Out of Date.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

BERLIN, Oct. 12.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The German naval estimates for 1904 are in the hands of the Finance Committee and have not yet been made public, but it has been learned that they contain nothing except statements of the sums required for the maintenance and the construction of vessels already under way, and that they have been placed at an irreducible minimum for keeping the fleet on its present effective basis.

Such new ships as will be asked for under the naval programme will be included in a supplementary budget, which, it is understood, will be presented to the Reichstag in the next session of the Reichstag.

The reason is an obvious one—lack of money. The government's view is that the country is reconciled to carrying out the programme under which, by 1904, it will have fifty-five battleships, eight of them up-to-date, with 3000 officers and 55,000 men. But the country would not approve of largely increased burdens to carry it through in a shortened period. Besides, the government finds it will be necessary in the next two or three years to re-arm the army. It is supposed, with some certainty, that the government has already ordered the army to re-arm the army. It is supposed, with some certainty, that the government has already ordered the army to re-arm the army.

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city to be just right, with a superb view of the mountains; as a residence tract the Palm Place offers attractions superior to most and second to none.

—

The work that has been done in preparing this tract for the market is thorough and complete in every detail; the streets are gravelled with the celebrated Calumet cement gravel, which of itself is almost equal to paving; broad cement sidewalks, combination gutters and curbs, water piped to every lot and connection paid for (no S.W. or S.E. fee to the water company before you build your house); and last, but of paramount importance, sewers constructed on every street and connections made right to the property line.

—

Right here we want to lay special stress on this point of sewers; there are other tracts in the city of Los Angeles that have no sewers; attractions; while we are willing to concede

When all these things are taken into consideration, and the fact that prices, including all these advantages, are no higher than asked in many other tracts, we lay the case before the buying public content to be satisfied with their verdict.

—

Make prices and salesmen always buyers' friends.

—

EDWARD D. SILENT & CO., Sole Agents
Est. 1885, Members L. A. Realty Board
216-218 W. Second st.

[illegible][illegible]

JULIAN, THE PROPERTY ADJACENT TO
PROPERTY OF M. E. MONTGOMERY,
OWNING THE ENTIRE TWO BLOCK
WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THESE FIVE
LOTS. A. P. CROSS, OWNER. E.
SMITH, AUCTIONEER. H
FOR SALE -

ONE BLOCK OF FIVEOROA AND 3D
STR. ONLY \$400.
ONE OF OUR BEST BUY BUTS
EITHER FOR HOME OR INVESTMENT.
Modern, bright house, newly painted, and
large lot, barn, south front, close to
VERY CHOICE NEIGHBORHOOD
YOU CAN'T HELP BEING INTERESTED
LONG LOT
WRIGHT & CALLENDER.
22 S. HILL ST.

12

FOR SALE-A FINE 20-FOOT LOT O
graded and covered at. Boyle Heights, on
200 ft. wide carway, close to Broadway,
18 F. A. HUTCHINGS, 108 S. Broadway.

jumped into the lead at once, closely

The earliest win of the day was the last race, when Hercules simply swept his opponents up in a sack, kicked them over the fence and then ran away from them, as if he was afraid some of them might get within gun-shot distance of him. Off first, he was tw

Flamero walked away with the third place in the event in hollow style, after running in the third place to the stretch. He was an odds-on favorite, although he had the toughest weight. There was some play on the

HIGHBALL TOO WEAK.
The curtain raiser was the Van Nuys pacing stake for the 2:25 class, and Highball was won by the chestnut horse, Tidal Wave, from Seattle. The entries were Wood B., Otto Z., Highball, Victor Platte, Tidal Wave and Ira, Highball being the favorite at 10 to 7. Wood B. was the runner-up.

soon broke, and was never heard of afterward. Ira then assumed command, followed by Tidal Wave and Higball, and these positions were kept up until the stretch. There Tidal Wave made a great spurt, and beat Ira by the wire by a scant half length. With Higball third, Wood B. and Otto Z. were distanced and retired from the race.

ter forged ahead and won by half a length. In the third heat Tidal Wave beat Highball to the wire the same way, and then neither Ira nor Victorio Platte having won a heat, they were sent to the stable. Tidal Wave captured the last heat handily from Ira.

Summary:
 Van Nuys Stake, 2:25 pace, purse \$2000
 Tidal Wave 1 3 1 1
 Ira 2 1 4 3
 Highball 3 2 3 2

Wood B. and Otto Z. distanced.
Time 2:15 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2:14, 2:15 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2:15 $\frac{1}{2}$.

TODAY'S RACES.

There are two events on today's card that should be very attractive. One is the third race in which are Contellator, Lower of Candles, Respirator and Dolly Weithoff. The other is the free handicap at a mile and fifty yards in which are Father Wentker, Bragg, Warte Nicht, Diamante and Solon. In addition to these apparently good races

is a 2:34 trot for a \$1000 purse.
The card is as follows:
First race, Southern California Stakes, 2:34 trot, purse \$1000: Cornelius D. Baje, Andy McKinney, Jupiter B. Lady Zombro, Rosie Woodburn, Sutter, Zombowette, Louise Croner.
Second race, six furlongs: Ingo (109), Louwelsea (109), The Toller (107), Loyal S (109), Billy Moore (109), Nona B (109), Lit Satter (109), 7 Cherries (109).
Third race, seven furlongs: Constellation (127), Tower of Candies (109), Chum

Fourth race, mile and one-sixteenth, selling: Miracle II (167.) Dag Martin (82.) George Dewey (164.) Admetus (167.) Max Bendix (104.)

Fifth race, free handicap, one mile and fifty yards: Father Wentker (84.) Eragg (115.) Warte Nicht (104.) Liarnage (86.) Sozon (108.)

Sixth race, six furlongs, selling: El Pioto (108.) Chileno (102.) Frank Pierce (109.) Skirmish (109.) Tisona (109.)

LEXINGTON CONTESTS.
NECK-AND-NECK FINISHERS.
 (BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)
 LEXINGTON (Ky.) Oct. 12.—Today was marked by close and exciting finishes. With two or three exceptions every heat was won by a neck or less summary:
 Pacing, 2:25 class, purse \$1000: Dictum Miller won the first, third and fourth heats in 2:10, 2:09, 2:11. Line of Gold won the second heat in 2:07½.

Trotting, 2:29 class, West Stake, purse \$1000: Patchen Maid won the third, fourth and fifth heats in 2:11 1/4, 2:13 1/4, 2:13 1/4. Judge Green won the first and second heats in 2:16 1/4, 2:10 1/4.

Pacing, 2:06 class, purse \$1500: Marrierie won two straight heats in 2:05 1/4 and 2:05.

Pacing, 2:17 class, purse \$1000: Cofilion won the second, fifth and sixth heats in 2:10 1/4, 2:14 1/4, 2:14. Dutch Mowry won the first heat in 2:10 1/4. Irish Jack won the third heat in 2:11 1/4.

Denver won the fourth heat in 2:14%. Trotting, 2:13 class, purse \$1000: Kirkwood, Jr., won two straight heats in 1:54, 2:11%. Trotting to wagon, 2:20 class, amateur drivers: Dr. Time won two straight heats in 3:16%, 2:19%.

CHART.

Oct. 12 1903 Weather Est. Trace 2 feet, ACE.

Ed Duke, Starter.

Value to first \$200				
Str.	Fin.	Jockey	Op.	Cl.
1-2	1	Chadwick	5-5	1
2-3	2	Lawrence	5	2
3-3	3-4	Waterbury	1-5	3-4
4-2	4-1 1/2	L. Palmer	5	5
5 1/2	5-7	Mud-brand	5	5
6	6	Burdigame	15	20

-olds and upward. Value to first 1900.				
Str.	Fin.	Jockey.	Op.	Cl.
5-2 1/2	1 1/2	Hildebrand.....	10	10
1-3	2-4	Chandler.....	1-5	1-4
3 1/4	3h	Kuns.....	5	5
1-4	4-6	Knapp.....	10	10
3-5	3 1/2	I. Powell.....	5	5
5	5	Burlingame.....	50	50

Pos.	Fin.	Jockey	Og.	Cl.
1u	1-14	Tulett.....	2-3	1-10
2-3	2-3	L. Spencer.....	3-2	2
3-1	3-3	Knappe.....	3	3
4-14	4-14	Latou.....	4	4
5-8	5-8	L. Jackson.....	50	50
6	6	Holcomb.....	50	50

driving.

RACE

nds and upward. Va us to first first

Str.	Fin.	Jockey	Op.	Cl.
1	1-10	McGee.....	1	2
2	2-2 1/2	Hildebrand.....	4	3-2
3	3-3 1/2	L. Jackson.....	3-2	2
4	4-2	I. Fowles.....	4	3
5	5-1	Meddow.....	4	3
6	6	Frawley.....	10	15

RACE
First \$200

Str.	Fin.	Jockey	Op.	Cl.
1-1 1/2	1-3	Frawley.....	1-3	7-10

5-1	2-14	Jacobson.....	6	6
3-4	3-21	Hidvestrand.....	3-3	3
6-2 1/2	4-5	Kunpp.....	7	7
6-5	3-3	L. Powell.....	3	4
5-1	2-1	Chandler.....	9	11
7	7	Crosswaite.....	10	10

Unknown.

Living

Home-News Sheet.
CITY AND COUNTRY.
XII YEAR.

South Broadway.

Skirts \$2.65
Up to \$5.00

Hats \$3.95
Up to \$7.50

Embroidery 9c
Lengths \$1.28

Chatelaines 25c
Brand Cream

Portrait Exhibit

Tables \$1.50

Tables \$1.50

Tables \$1.50

Tables \$1.50

Tables \$1.50

Tables \$1.50

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Popular Prices
N. B. BLACKSTONE CO.
Telephone 1000
DRY GOODS
Spring and Third Sts.

Attractive Silk Values

Soft Louises—soft, crepe
Silk—black, white, and
all colors, also
black and white
\$1.00

Soft Louises—extra heavy
weight, splendid wearing
goods in a complete line of
the best colorings, cream,
black and white; yard
85c

Plain Colored Taffetas—soft, like
the flannel taffetas, a doz.
from; at yard, 75c

FANCY VELVETS
VELVETS—in metal prints and extracts, navy, black, brown
green and red, 75c yd and \$1.00

VELVETS—in gun-metal, gray and all popular
colors, \$1.00 to \$2.00

THE SPRING ST. WINDOWS. WRITE FOR SAMPLES

PIANOS

All prices marked in plain figures.

Another carload of Steinways will arrive this week.

Better be on the lookout tomorrow for the inception of the Free Cecilia Contest.

Cecilian Recital Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The presence of yourself and friends is requested.

Half a dozen Richmond Pianos to be sold at cut prices—\$260 for regular \$375 style; \$275 for the \$400 style.

Geo. J. Birkel Co.
345-347 SOUTH SPRING ST.
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Portrait Exhibit

grand photographic exhibit of fine portraits
the most prominent photographers in the
United States is now attracting much attention
the Schumacher Studio, 107 North Spring St.

Schumacher has recently returned from an
extended trip through the East, visiting all the
prominent studios of America, and he has secured
photographs from all the leaders for this rare
exhibit. Open to visitors till October 17th. Do
call to call and inspect this beautiful art
collection. The studio has been reopened with
many new ideas.

99.00 Oak Chiffoniers
\$6.50

Well built chiffoniers of oak with five long drawers instead of having the drawers as shown in cut. \$6.50 this week, instead of \$9.00.

Tables \$1.50

Tables \$1.50

Tables \$1.50

Tables \$1.50

Tables \$1.50

Tables \$1.50

CREASINGER'S
SAD CREDITORS.

Lame, Halt and Blind and Poor Ministers.

Barrel-of-Money Man Failed to Attend the Meeting.

Loyal Wife Explained He Had a Sudden Stroke of Paralysis.

Did Barrel-of-Money Creasinger really have a stroke of paralysis or did one of his feet go to sleep?

Attorney Earl Rogers contends that it was a drowsy foot. He made the charge openly at a doleful meeting of Creasinger's creditors in the office of Lynn Helm, referee in bankruptcy, yesterday afternoon.

It was one of the most dismal collections of people that ever got together. There were worried-looking women, sick with anxiety at losing their money. There was a pathetic and shabby old preacher and a blind man. There were several women in

MRS. GRIFFITH
SMITES AGAIN.

Accuses Husband of Another Attempt at Murder.

Amended Complaint Filed in the District Proceedings.

Alleged Attack With Pistol in Room at Hotel Fremont Last May.

Mrs. Griffith now claims that the Santa Monica "accident" was not the first attempt that her husband had made to murder her.

She blamed yesterday with the most furious and sensational charges that have yet been made against Col. Griffith. She was eager on to file this amended complaint by Col. Griffith's sworn answer, in which he made the assertion that he had always been "a kind and loving husband."

She swears that in yesterday's amended answer that he manifested his loving consideration by trying to murder her with a loaded revolver three months before the Santa Monica

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BIG MONEY IN
CITY SEWAGE.

Syndicate Proposes Building that New Outfall.

To Convert the Sludge Into Tons of Rich Fertilizer.

Los Angeles Will be Million Dollars in Pocket if Plan Carries.

Great Is Fertilizer and Money is Its Profit!

There is a prospect that the much-needed outfall sewer may be built sooner than the authorities had hoped.

An endeavor is now being made to form a syndicate that will build the outfall and take the \$1,000,000 issue of bonds in payment.

The idea is to build septic tanks and filter beds, to use the sludge as fertilizer and to purify the water so that it can safely be used for purposes of irrigation during the summer months.

Experts declare that much money can be made from the proper use of the city's sewage. After the anaerobic bacteria have precipitated the solid matter in the septic tanks a sludge forms which is exceedingly valuable as a fertilizer. The water passing on through the filter beds can be purified so that it can be used to irrigate garden vegetables. In fact, scientists declare that the water issuing from a properly-equipped filter bed is sure enough to drink.

These facts have been laid before capitalists of prominence and if the proposition is sufficiently promising an offer to take the bonds and build the sewer will be made to the Council, probably within ten days or two weeks.

Marcelus F. McLaughlin, president of the West Coast Fertilizer Works, originated the plan, and he is in very good position to know that it may result in the early construction of the outfall sewer. The cost of operating the filter beds has been figured and also the probable amount of fertilizer that would result from the scientific treatment of the city sewage. A considerable revenue can be derived from the sale of water for irrigation purposes during the year.

All these estimates have been submitted by Mr. McLaughlin to the men whom he has interested in his plan. The construction of the sewer would cost the syndicate nothing, as the \$1,000,000 issue of bonds would cover the outlay and perhaps leave some profit.

It would be possible for the syndicate to make a profit of \$1,000,000 on the investment.

The cost of operating the filter beds and septic tanks would be exceedingly slight. To turn out a first-class fertilizer of the kind only be necessary to remove the sludge at intervals and treat it to a very simple process.

In return for their enterprise in constructing the outfall sewer, the syndicate, if formed, will seek from the Council a long-term lease on the sewage output of the city.

Mr. McLaughlin did not wish to be interviewed when seen yesterday at his office in the Bryson block. He threatened to sue if the Times had information regarding his plans, as he declared that only three people in the city had been spoken to regarding the plan. He was very anxious that there be no publication of the facts, as the plans of the proposed syndicate are in the embryonic condition to be laid before the public.

"I will say, however," said Mr. McLaughlin, "that it is little less than criminal to turn out the water into the ocean. It pollutes the water at considerable distances from the outlet and spoils the bathing near-by beaches for persons of influence and sensitive natures. Of course, such a proposition as I have advanced cannot be financed on a short-term contract. It is utterly out of the question; just as much so as it is to take advantage of a one or two-year garbage contract to build a distributing system for a one-year contract to light the streets of such a city."

"To turn the sewage of such a city as Los Angeles into the ocean is an out-of-date custom. The water can be purified and from the residue a fertilizing substance obtained. The pure water can then be used for bathing in summer or turned back into the pipes and discharged into the ocean in winter. I don't wish to give out any information about this plan at the present time. I do not desire to appear precipitate. It is needless to say that such a plan, if worked out to a consummation, involves many intricate details. If pending arrangements can be completed a proposition will be made to the City Council."

"I am a civil engineer," said Mr. McLaughlin, "and I know that the delay in the plan might result in some such proposition, but I have not been informed as to the intentions of the syndicate."

DEATH FROM VACCINATION.
Goldberg Boy, Four Years Old, Falls Victim to Administration of Virus. Rare Case.

A little boy about 4 years of age, said to have been marked for his brightness and to have possessed a budding musical talent, died suddenly Monday in a poor section of the city as the direct result, his parents claim, of vaccination ten days ago by the city Health Officer.

The child lived with his parents at No. 228 Jackson street. His father, H. Goldberg, is a Jewish second-hand merchant with a store at No. 1125 South Los Angeles street. His brother, F. Goldberg, conducts a shoe shop at No. 115 East First street. It is claimed that the child was well up to the mark of the day it died, although slightly inconvenienced by the vaccinated spot; but that blood poisoning suddenly set in, from which the child died in great suffering. Two doctors were called, and it is said they attributed the death directly to the vaccination.

As a result of the child's death and the indignation of the parents, something of a panic has been caused in the neighborhood, and at least a dozen children have been taken to the school to escape vaccination. The parents claim that they will never submit their child to the operation. Instances of death from vaccination are extremely rare, and in some quarters it is doubted if this boy died from such a cause.



THE CREASINGER BANKRUPTCY HEARING—MRS. CREASINGER IN THE CENTER—AROUND HER SOME OF THE UNFORTUNATE CREDITORS.

worn, faded widow's weeds. They all looked poor and so pitifully worried. These were the kind of people that the well-known philanthropist dealt with, herowing their miserable little savings.

He would not come to meet them yesterday. He was able to go to a dentist's office for an operation on his teeth the day before, but his doctor said he could not stand the strain of coming to give an account of himself. The doctor was himself taken sick and could not come to tell this to the waiting creditors. His assistant said, however, that Mrs. Creasinger was very sick with paralysis.

Mr. Rogers and other attorneys who were present, claim his symptoms indicate the most remarkable and eccentric case of paralysis on record. It was Mrs. Creasinger who described how the attack came on.

Rogers came up with a chatty little volume about amnesia aphasia and other familiar matters.

He said flatly that Creasinger is a non-homogeneous—and they are too much stunned to sue him for slander.

Rogers was very pointed in his questions to Mrs. Creasinger. He asked how the paralysis had affected Creasinger's speech.

Mrs. Creasinger said that it made him hesitate in a queer way and sometimes made him understand things wrongly. That was one of the reasons why he couldn't come, she said.

She said that he can do nothing but sit around and read the papers a little.

"Been getting a little worse, hasn't he, since this meeting was coming on?" asked Rogers, critically.

"Yes," said Mrs. Creasinger, severely. "Do you notice any difference between his condition and that of any other man who has a meeting like this coming up?"

She did not answer.

Rogers made her tell how the attack came on. She said Mr. Creasinger woke up in the night and said his side was numb. She told him to roll over on the other side. That was the last she heard from him until the next morning, when she found him paralyzed.

The lawyers grinned. Rogers said with a sigh: "Well, that is the most remarkable and unique case of paralysis I ever heard of. There is nothing like it known to doctors."

with an eleven-room two-story frame dwelling; now used as a business building; consideration named, \$45,000 net. H. O. Wulshof, a lot 65x150 feet, on the corner of the lot, and held it at \$50,000, but donated \$5000 to the Y.M.C.A. building fund.

A liberal subscription has been raised by property owners in the vicinity for the Y.M.C.A. building fund. Hon. Charles S. Senter, who owns the lot, 150x125 feet, on the southwest corner of Hill and Sixth streets, on which stands the building formerly owned by the Congregational Church, will remove that structure and erect on the lot a business block of steel frame construction, that, as stated, will be not less than five stories high, and may be made ten.

Mr. Senter bought this corner lot in November, 1901, consideration then named, \$15,000. It could not now be bought for an advance of \$100,000 on the purchase price then quoted.

tragedy, also by making a brutal assault upon her and cheating her out of her property.

Her amended complaint says in relation to the former attacks alleged to have been made upon her: "Plaintiff Mrs. Griffith alleges that at the Santa Monica Hotel at Los Angeles, about the year 1900, the exact time plaintiff does not now remember, said defendant in anger and without cause or provocation, during the course of a conversation, said plaintiff by then and there seizing her violently by the arm and throwing her forcibly upon a chair in their room in said hotel, and that said act and conduct of said defendant caused plaintiff a severe and painful and grievous mental suffering."

In regard to the alleged attempt to murder her, "In the month of May, 1903, the exact day plaintiff does not remember, at their apartments in the Hotel Fremont, in said city of Los Angeles, the said defendant without cause or provocation armed himself with a loaded pistol and in a threatening manner commanded her to accompany him to an adjoining room of their apartments in said hotel and plaintiff then and there reasonably understood and apprehended and firmly believed from defendant's manner and actions that he intended to do her great bodily harm and possibly murder her, thereupon refused to accompany said defendant and was forced by said defendant into a violent and severe struggle while endeavoring to escape from the room and from said defendant, and through the sudden arrival of their son Vandell, said plaintiff was enabled to and did thereupon escape from the room and fly from the house. That the said acts and conduct of said defendant then and thereafter caused plaintiff grievous bodily injury and grievous mental suffering."

Most of the other allegations are in regard to the property, but are hardly less sensational.

She alleges that prior to their marriage in January, 1887, she owned property worth \$250,000 in her own right, the estate of Andreas Briewalter being then in litigation. Five days before their marriage, she says, Griffith told her she would be better protected if she would execute deeds to him; he told her he would fully protect her interests and he held all the property so deeded in trust for her and rigidly accounted for it, all after the Briewalter estate was settled.

Accordingly, she says, she executed a deed to her half brother, L. A. Mesmer, January 22, 1887. At the request of Griffith, the property was then conveyed to him. She alleges that after Griffith, the property was then conveyed to him. She alleges that after Griffith, the property was then conveyed to him. She alleges that after Griffith, the property was then conveyed to him.

AMERICAN WHALER WRECKED.
FATAL (Agnes) Oct. 13.—The American whaler Joseph Maria, has been wrecked on the island of Pico, one of the Azores group, and all on board were lost. She sailed from Provincetown, Mass., and carried a crew of fifteen men.

RECEPTION TO PASTOR.
Boyle Heights Methodists Greet Their New Spiritual Leader—Welcomed by All Departments of Church.

Boyle Heights Methodists packed their church last night and gave their pastor, Rev. Dr. W. F. Ferguson, a cordial reception into his new field of labor. He was welcomed to the city by Rev. Dr. E. A. Healy, pastor of University Methodist Church, and Rev. B. F. McCarthy, pastor of Haven Church; by Rev. Dr. McClaren on behalf of the Presbyterian church, and by W. L. Cleveland, president. The following addresses were delivered: Representatives of the interior organization, the Ladies' society, Dr. Lehman Louder, for the Epworth League, Dr. G. W. Campbell for the official board; H. Taggart for the Sunday-school, and Mrs. Maud Lackey for the Queen Esther Circle. There was select reading by Mrs. Solinger.

The affair was one of the largest and most pleasant ever held in the Boyle Heights church.

BEES KEEPERS' OATH.
[BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—P.M.]
BAKERSFIELD, Oct. 13.—The Central California Bee Keepers' Association met here this afternoon. The bee men of Kern county formed an organization and elected officers. They will affiliate with the Central California Association. Several papers of interest were read by delegates from several counties. A telegram was read from the Los Angeles association, stating the directors had fixed a price of 5 cents a pound on light amber extract of honey to hold for the next three days. F. D. Lowe of Bakersfield was elected a member of the board of directors of the association to represent Kern county.

Music Tomorrow Evening in Aid of the Girls' Club House on South Grand Avenue.

The good work undertaken by the Badger Club of maintaining a home for self-supporting girls, at a nominal figure to each member of the "family," is to be furthered by a concert announced for Thursday evening.

For the purpose the Woman's Club House, No. 40 South Figueroa street, has been tendered, and some of the best musical talent of the city have graciously volunteered their services. The European Quartette will render several numbers and Mrs. Elsa von Grofe will string her cello harmoniously.

Money is needed to make repairs at the home—the Girls' Club House, No. 106 South Grand avenue—and this means is taken to give the public an opportunity to assist in a work that is bearing fruit in safeguarding young women not blessed with homes of their own, and not able to pay the price of apartments in the best quarters of the city. The price of admission to the concert is 50 cents and tickets are on sale at the principal music stores.

The management promises a first-class musical evening.

KERN COUNTY.
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tragedy, also by making a brutal assault upon her and cheating her out of her property.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE—OFFICIAL DOINGS.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

The Police Commission denied the application of Joseph Morshenske to preach on the streets and the preacher almost had to be ejected from the room by force.

Prosecuting Attorney Beebe stated yesterday that he has never refused to issue complaints for the arrest of wholesale liquor dealers, where evidence has been presented.

Ten more cases of diphtheria were reported at the Health Office yesterday.

Charles Ray Waller was sentenced to State's prison yesterday for setting fire to Whittier Reform School. He got ten years.

Arguments began yesterday in the Garland case.

J. G. Rosseter, Esq., was scolded by the court, for delaying the Archie Hill murder case.

Ralph Woolley was sentenced to one year in San Quentin for stealing a wheel.

AT THE CITY HALL

POLICE COMMISSION AND CASE OF RUSSIA.

ACCUSED OF HAVING MANY POINTS OF RESEMBLANCE.

Impudent "Communist" Comes Near Being Thrown Out of the Meeting of the Board—Morshenske Declared He Preached the Doctrine of the Koshan.

Mayor Snyder came near ordering the Chief of Police to eject from the commission room an impudent Socialist who demanded permission to preach on certain streets of the city and to distribute tracts and sell books bearing on what he called religious-scientific doctrines.

The man gave the name of Joseph Morshenske, and when pressed to tell what he was going to preach about Morshenske said he taught the communist doctrine advocated by the Society of the Koshan Union, which has headquarters at Chicago.

Morshenske, when he discovered that the Police Commission would not grant his request, because he was not a citizen, declared that he would get his rights at some other place. As he was going out the door Morshenske turned and remarked:

"I did not expect the Police Commission of Los Angeles to act the part of the Czar of Russia."

"Get out," said the Mayor, "or you will be put out. If you want to preach go hire a hall."

Commissioner Koenig said the man gave him a nervous chill, he reminded him so strongly of Anarchist Parsons and the Haymarket riot in Chicago.

Permission to preach was granted to Hien, Liang Chi Chao, ex-Councillor to His Imperial Majesty, the Emperor of China, ex-President of the Imperial Board of Translators, etc., etc., to speak from a stand specially erected in Apollonia street of the city.

The license M. Slavich & Co., at No. 318 North Main street, and that of Martinevich & Martinevich at No. 322 North Main street were revoked by the Police Commission yesterday.

These firms were recently convicted of illegal liquor selling on Sunday, in the Police Court.

The application of the Salvation Army to hold a service on First and Main streets, was denied on account of the congestion of the two thoroughfares.

TO ISSUE COMPLAINTS.

At the session of the Police Commission yesterday morning it was stated that the prosecuting attorney at the City Hall had refused to issue complaints against the wholesale liquor dealers charged with selling liquor without a license.

Nonetheless, the Police Commission appropriated \$250 for the purpose of obtaining evidence against these persons selling the cheering beverages without a license from the city.

Before asking for the money the Police Commission made sure that the complaints would issue if sufficient evidence was presented. Therefore the statement that complaints had been refused was greeted with some surprise.

City Prosecutor Beebe says there has been a misunderstanding and that he has never refused to issue complaints in the sense of preventing an action against the offenders in the Police Court.

When the police officer presented his evidence Attorney Beebe promised to issue the warrants, but stated that it would be useless to do so at that time, as an action if commenced, would not be decided by the court until after the Supreme Court had handed down a decision in the Braun case.

There are now over 150 cases arising from the order of the Supreme Court which has ordered the issuance of a license ordinance on the Police Court calendar, and as the decision from the Supreme Court is expected in a few days Attorney Beebe thought it poor policy to congest the calendar further.

"The city will lose none of its rights if the issuance of complaints is deferred a week," he stated yesterday.

"The collection of the license can be made just as effectively. There was nothing to be gained, and therefore, I decided to postpone the issuance of the complaints."

The wholesale merchants against whom evidence was secured are H. J. Jevie, Charles Hahn, Wolf & Chilson, G. Pluma, Owl Drug Company, Gunn, Wynne & Co., and Kiefer & Co.

Many merchants in order to avoid arrest, have arranged to put up the amount of the monthly license in escrow with one of the banks pending the final decision of the Supreme Court.

Chinese laundrymen already have nearly \$200 deposited in this way with the Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank.

MORE CASES REPORTED.

The spread of diphtheria in the Westlake region continues. Yesterday morning ten cases were announced at the Health Office, and all but one came from the Westlake section.

Two children were taken out of the Union-avenue school and sent home yesterday because of diphtheria symptoms, and one child was taken from the Cambria-street school that was evidently ill of the disease.

This child was little Eunice Orcutt, who lives on West Eighth street. The Health Officer was informed that the child had been kept in school by her parents, who are Christian Scientists.

For a week, despite the fact that she was evidently in poor health, she had made from the child's throat in the bacteriological laboratory showed germs of diphtheria.

All the tests for diphtheria made from cases reported to the Health Office recently have been made by Dr. E. E. Leonard, the new lady bacteriologist employed by the Board of Health under special authorization from the Council.

The young lady has had extensive experience in this class of work, and enjoys the confidence of the best physicians in the city.

For some time she was assistant to Dr. Stanley F. Black. Dr. Powers has personally supervised the tests, however, and he is certain that there can be no mistake about the existence of diphtheria in the family of George Bennett, proprietor of the Westlake dairy.

Additional cultures were made yesterday from the throats of Bennett and John Tuhart, his hired man. Both showed diphtheria germs. Cultures from the throats of the two girls, Mabel and Essie Bennett, show diphtheria. None of the Bennett family are confined to their rooms, and they profess to feel well, despite the damaging evidence of the slides.

The dairy is under quarantine, and will remain so until the cases have sufficient time to develop. Dr. Powers was very much gratified because no additional cases were reported yesterday afternoon, and he believes that he has the situation well in hand.

The Health Officer says there is no need to close the Cambria-street and Union-avenue schools, which are attended by the children from the section, at the present time, and that the children are more safe in school than running about the streets.

Truck Covered up.

Many persons were much mystified by a gang of men that quickly laid a section of double-track railroad on Sixth between Main and Los Angeles streets yesterday morning, and as quickly covered it up.

The rails and ties are now beneath the ground with nothing but the rough surface of the street to show that anything happened. The formality of laying the rails was observed to protect the franchise recently granted to the Los Angeles and Glendale Railway Company.

Another School Site.

J. D. Foster believes that the Polytechnic High School should be erected on the south side of Seventh street on a piece of property having a frontage of 214 feet on Seventh street, and being 260 feet deep and lying 180 feet from the southwest corner of Moore and Seventh streets. Mr. Foster will part with this property for \$45,000.

White Flies Appeal.

Billman C. White yesterday filed an appeal from the acceptance of the improvement work on First street between Clarence and Glass streets.

He says some of the sidewalk is already cracking and sinking into an unfilled excavation beneath.

AT THE COURT HOUSE

TEN YEARS FOR FIRING REFORM SCHOOL.

YOUNG CHARLES RAY WALLER IS A MORAL DEGENERATE.

Judge Smith Gives Him a Terrible Roast, Claiming That He Was Ungrateful in Trying to Burn the School Building Down—Boy's Bad Record.

Stupid eyes looking out of a pimply, chubby face, a boy who was charged with setting the Whittier Reform School on fire, his plea of guilty being entered in Judge Smith's court yesterday.

Judge Smith told him he was capable of murdering his own mother, and sent him to San Quentin for ten years.

The boy was unmoved, except for a slight expression of disgust. He is too stupid, Waller is one of the rare and interesting types of moral degenerates in whom crime is not a sin but a habit.

He has been in and out of the State's prison, and an evidence of abnormal development.

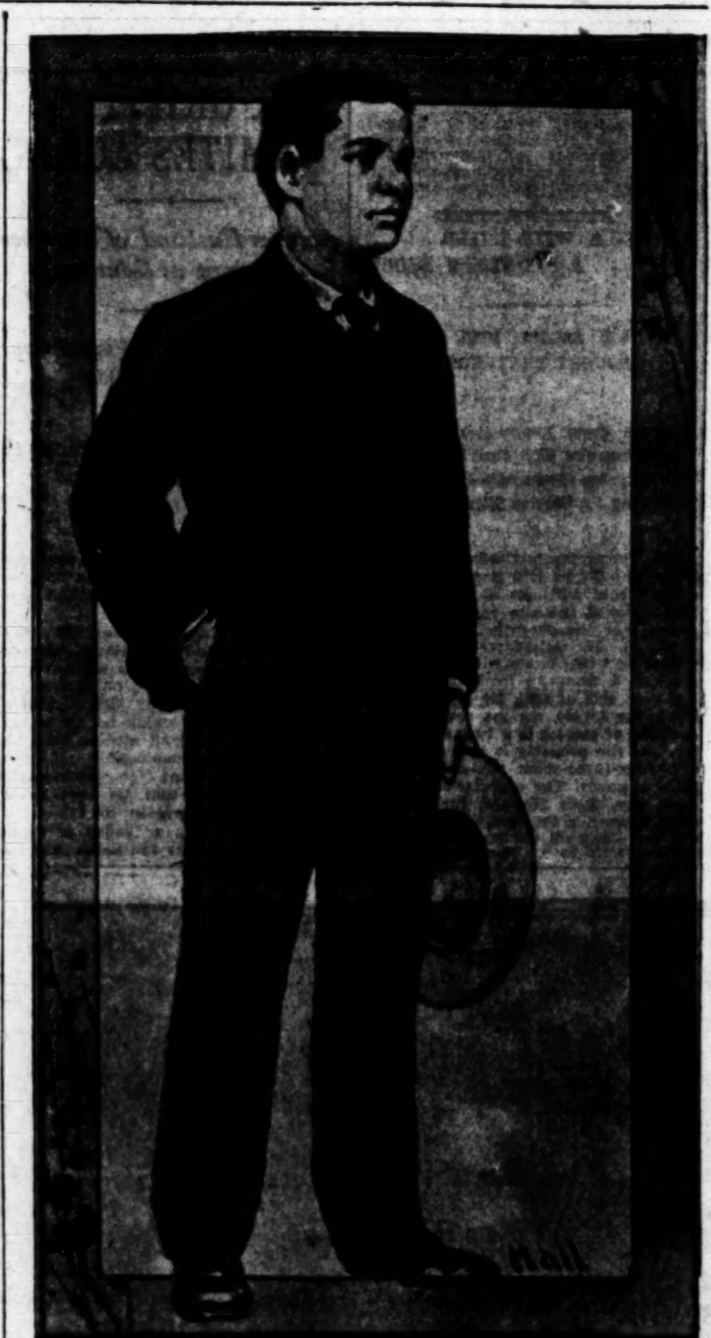
He comes from Willows in Glenn county. The records show that he has been convicted time and again of all sorts of crimes, including drunkenness and assault.

It was last month that he set fire to the Whittier school. He had been sent into the assembly room on the school grounds to sweep. Seeing that he was alone, he drew some matches and lit the stage scenery, burning the whole stage.

He said he thought he would be able to escape in the confusion.

John Schwartz told him that he had a right to have attorneys and a defense, then he pleaded guilty yesterday, but he would have none of them.

"Oh, you want to go to State's prison, do you?" asked the judge.



CHARLES RAY WALLER, THE BOY WHO SET THE WHITTIER SCHOOL ON FIRE.

You told the Crocker?" asked Mr. Hunnaker.

"No, sir."

"Did you receive any money out of the transaction?" (He had said he had.)

"No, sir."

"Did you get any of the profit out of the Maxwell property next door, as you said?"

"No, sir."

"No, as one of the jurors in the innocence of his heart and not thinking how it would sound, asked: 'Did you have any writing between you when you accepted that Maxwell property in trust?'"

"No, sir."

"No, sir."

"Yes, sir."

A large number of the best known real estate agents in the city went on the stand in defense of Garland.

Garland sold it, or was alleged to have bought it for \$20,000, even when he was one of the defendants.

He was one of the defendants who was offered to take a \$2500 house in trade as being worth \$10,000. Other witnesses testified that Garland had made every effort to sell the property for the Crocker before he had his own father-in-law buy it.

FEDERAL COURT.

POSTOFFICE CASE.

The postoffice condemnation suit was called before Judge Wellborn in the United States Circuit Court yesterday afternoon, a jury having finally been secured and sworn.

There was a formidable array of attorneys for defendants, whose names have already been published in The Times, and the latter part of the afternoon was taken up with a lengthy argument over a legal technicality.

Judge Wellborn momentarily stayed the words of Attorney Will A. Harris at 2:35 o'clock to let the members of the jury, their presence being immaterial to the proceedings. The jury will reconvene this morning at 10:30 o'clock, on order of the court, to proceed in a body to inspect the disputed property on South Main street.

FLAMES SWEEP OVER SANTA MONICA HILLS.

RESIDENTS OF CANYONS ARE IN PERIL OF FIRE.

Lot of Hay Burned and Other Damage Done at Place Near the Seaside. Destructive Desert Winds Have Increased the Menace.

Small fires in a number of widely-scattered locations in the foothills north and east of Santa Monica increased in extent yesterday and threatened to do serious damage. The hot desiccating winds from the desert have dried the vegetation to such an extent that the likelihood of flames spreading over the more thoroughly dried areas is great.

One of the first to suffer from the destructive work of the fire is C. W. Conway, a Santa Monica meat dealer. Flames licked their way yesterday morning to a point near his slaughterhouse in one of the small canyons leading up from the main Santa Monica Cañon. Had not there been some men about the place to fight the fire the buildings would have been destroyed.

As it was there were about two hundred tons of hay consumed with other articles of value. His loss is about \$2,000, a home was the chief sufferer.

As viewed from the valley lying between Los Angeles and Santa Monica yesterday the smoke from different fires in the foothills presented some interesting contrasts. From one fire well up in the hills and probably ten miles east of Santa Monica a great column of pale yellow smoke rose to an elevation of perhaps a mile, where it seemed to be caught by a breeze moving westward from the desert.

From a point farther down toward the valley smoke from another fire rose to a height of perhaps 1500 feet, from which point it moved eastward with a current of air blowing away from the ocean. The spectacle presented an excellent illustration of air currents moving in opposite or nearly opposite directions at different elevations.

Scattered among the little canyons stretching the foothills are many small ranches devoted to bee culture and other occupations of husbandmen, and it is feared that the fires may place some of the canyons residents in grave danger.

MISSIONS THE THEME.

Annual Meeting of Women's Home Missionary Society at First M. E. Church—Good Report.

The seventeenth annual meeting of the Women's Home Missionary Society of the Southern California Methodist Episcopal Conference opened yesterday at the First Methodist Church.

Mrs. George T. Boyard, president of the society, delivered an excellent opening address.

She spoke at some length upon the large percentage of foreign population in this state, much of which, she said, is not affiliated with any church. She showed that the work of home missions had been greatly enlarged in the last few years and prophesied a successful future for the society.

Mrs. L. E. Alexander of this city, Mrs. A. E. Fisher of San Diego and Mrs. G. S. Frambes of Arizona read encouraging reports of the work in their respective fields.

The treasurer's report was then read by Mrs. F. M. Shomers, and Mrs. P. H. Bodkin made the secretary's report.

The work among the Chinese was described by Mrs. L. Rogers and Miss Anderson gave a bright talk on the Japanese. Rev. Sayo delivered the chief address of the afternoon, and at his request Mrs. A. M. Whitson of the University of Southern California made a report on the Spanish work in this section.

At the evening service Rev. Dr. F. E. Cherrington delivered an address on Immigration. He argued that, unless the hordes who annually come to this country are educated, and taught the truths of Christianity, they will be a great menace to the nation's integrity and faith of the forefathers.

The society is doing a splendid work in the education of the foreign-born, and the society is doing a splendid work in the education of the foreign-born.

Rev. F. H. Bodkin and Rev. Dr. George F. Boyard, president of the University of Southern California, also made short addresses. The sessions will be continued all day tomorrow.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Beck's

Signature of Dr. H. T. H. H.

CARRARA

PAINT

"The Best in the World"

It's a fact that 90 per cent. of the houses painted with Carrara paint do not look painted after a second season, while a house painted with Carrara will look good after five or six years' wear, and often after seven or eight. This wonderful new paint costs but a trifle more than the ordinary kind and in the end saves you at least 50 per cent. of the actual cost of keeping your house in good condition. Estimates furnished and work guaranteed for five years when done by the contractors we recommend.

O. C. ZAHN PAINT CO.

Engraved Calling Cards

SUITS THAT SUIT

the season, the wearer, and the wearer's purse bear this famous mark

Alfred Benjamin & Co. MAKERS NEW YORK

They must fit you, because measured on a model of your figure. Styles must please you, because designed by style authorities. Fabrics must suit you, because made mellow and durable in the BENJAMIN shrinking-plant. Tailoring must appeal to you, because executed in cleanly workrooms by salaried experts.

The price is right. You'll find BENJAMIN Suits at this store only

James Smith & Co.

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BANKING

TRUST

BOND

INSURANCE

REAL ESTATE

SAFE DEPOSIT

You cannot lose valuable if locked in a box

our safe deposit vault

You carry the key and have exclusive access to the box

Our vault is the largest in the west. It includes in its construction every feature of modern vault building that stands for safety. Your inspection is courted.

Boxes \$2 per year and up

Los Angeles Trust Co.

Our Own Building

Second and Spring, down

Real Estate Department

Rooms 206-208-210

Insure

In the Life Insurance Company that offers the best life insurance. That company is

Mutual Benefit

Life Insurance Co.

OF NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

For 68 years the "Mutual Benefit" has furnished the best insurance at the lowest cost price. This Company earns the largest dividends and pays same to policy holders annually. There are many reasons why every man should insure in the "Mutual Benefit." Let me explain them to you

WALTER H. FISHER

Southern California Manager

45-47 Broadway Bldg., Los Angeles

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Cutting Criticisms of Methods of Union Laborites by Southern California Parliament—Greeted With Tremendous Applause.

Tustin, on "Our Duty to the Wards of the State." The assaiyat made a plea for a more humane control in insane hospitals and the elimination of politics in the selection of boards and attendants.

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

"I regret," said Mrs. Crellin, "the apathy with which we read the reports of conditions in public institutions. The helpless are shamefully maltreated, and we excuse it. It does not reach our ears. We are content to relegate to others the bother of things public. There should be legal supervisors appointed, free to go and come at will, and upon whose responsibility would be placed. What is the use of sending a

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

"I regret," said Mrs. Crellin, "the sympathy with which we read the reports of conditions in public institutions. The helpless are shamefully maltreated, and just because it does not reach our own fireside we are content to relegate to others the bother of things public. There should be legal supervisors appointed, free to go and come at will, and upon whom responsibility could be placed. What is the use of sending a

ing of the athletic association, it was decided to hire a coach for the football team. Trager to Capt. Charles F. Basata, and yesterday afternoon Stanford's famous ex-tackle was coaching the Occidental squad in regular work. The mere presence of an outside man aided the team immensely into getting into speedy and paying attention to the various necessities of the football game. Will Trager is especially good at ends and tackle, and in running end runs and bucks, his work will be valuable to the team, which is being run without a regular coach for two years.

The intercollegiate athletic agreement proposed by Pomona College last June has been agreed to and signed by the radio and newspaper men. The chief features of the agreement are that in-

A large group photograph of the 1906-1907 football team. The team consists of approximately 25 individuals, including players and coaches, posed in front of a building with large windows. The players are wearing dark jerseys and light-colored pants, while the coaches are in civilian attire. The photograph is in black and white and has a slightly grainy texture.

have been arranged. If the company has been organized under the "Kaiser" law and by a resolution recently passed the California Standard has diminished the capital stock of the corporation to the sum of \$5000, provided the action meet with the approval of the stockholders of the company.

It is usual where companies unite with the big combine, to buy stock in the Associated, to total limit of 50,000 shares at 30 cents a share, pro rata as per their holdings in the California Standard. The reduction in the number of shares of stock is completed in order that the distribution of money received from the sale of stock may be equally made.

Furthermore, both officers and the rank and file of the army are of a much higher order of intelligence than the Ottoman Empire. Since the creation of the public school system has provided education for the masses, while the higher official element have all been educated in the many famous schools, such as the Robert College, of the American Institution, on the Bosphorus. Until 1922 Russian prestige was paramount, one army being driven out by another, and the Bulgarians dominating the court; but the Bulgarians are most independent of people and, resenting too much outside interference, seeing the advantage of their own business. Since then Bulgaria has stood for Bulgaria alone in church, state and army. Under

their own officers today (for Sona has been a military officer for many years) of no one regarding instruction) the Bulgarian army is admirably trained and equipped with all the modern appliances of war, even to a bicycle corps, which could do good service in the summer months on the mountain roads of Bulgaria, though they would be obviously at a disadvantage in the winter months of the Macedonian campaign. At least one-fifth of the regular Bulgarian army is made up of Macedonians, and these have received the same training, even at the modest stipend of \$1 a month and "found." It was a mistake, therefore, to suppose that the principal associates received the training that has stood them in such good stead in the Macedonian campaign, and distinctly different from those necessary in guerrilla warfare. It is these associates, however, who are being drilled and scattered among all the principal cities of Bulgaria, that have been the theatre of the military freedom of all alive among Bulgarians. On their return to their own homes they are to be armed, and have left their uniforms behind and assumed their peasant garb; but the lesson they have learned from the methods of modern warfare are not forgotten, and are speedily put in practice for the discomfiture of the Turks.

Modern Catechism.

"What was that whizzed by us?"

"That was a scorcher."

"And what was the scorcher?"

"It is something which has been developed to increase the mortality rate."

"How is it best successful in doing this?"

"Yes, indeed; it has surpassed the former methods."

"What would have happened if we had not got out of the way of the automobile?"

"Two funerals."

"Who is that man who is running the automobile?"

"He is a chauffeur."

"Is that the only game he has?"

NOVEMBER

*"Just
The Delia's*

FOR FASHION

"Just get The

What is being made abroad is told in
is to be worn here this Winter is fully giv
are devoted to illustrations of fashionable
newest dress fabrics, trimmings and accessories
departments are invaluable to the woman

FOR HOUSE

"Just get The

"Household Hints" is a little exposure
offered in The Delia's by the writers
arrangements in furnishing and short cuts

For Children's

"Just get The

The Delia's's juvenile stories can re
read to. The many suggestions offered he
while they amuse.

FOR BRIGHT

"Just get The

The clearest diary writer since in
In November, Little Hamilton French had

get
"Delineator"
S LATEST FADS
"Delineator"
our letters from London and Paris, and
thorough and described in detail. Many
of the latest fashions of the East, and
the Dreaming and Needlework
which would be well grown.

HOLD HELPS
"Delineator"
tion. Far from this are the help
which you request now. We are
in all branches of housekeeping.

Stories and Pastimes
"Delineator"
ually be enjoyed by children who read
keep little hands amply occupied, with

TEST FICTION
"Delineator"
making The Delineator's pages
of "An Interrupted Honeymoon"

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WOMAN'S PARLIAMENT OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

pen working classes for a term of years.

The discussion of Mr. Peterson was followed by Mrs. M. M. Dudley of Ventura, in a paper exploiting the labor question. Mrs. Dudley's introduction of the subject was "The rights of his hire" and reasoning from this premises drew a picture of conditions that were a direct reflection of the very thoughtful person.

MRS. DUDLEY'S ARGUMENT.

Mrs. Dudley argued that whatever nation was the cause of the laborer about it must be educational, putting our dependence upon the children. They must be educated in reasonableness, loyalty, and devotion, and not in selfishness.

The need of education of federated labor and reasonableness is obvious," said Mrs. Dudley. "The better element within recognizes this, and the tide is running toward the better element. Armed industry is trying to control, whether it will be generated by ignorant, educated, or led by upright leaders to the field of honorable action. American labor, in the endeavor to rid itself of employer rule, has found itself under the more arbitrary yoke of the labor union and walking delegate.

"The demands of organized labor in the United States: Is it reasonable for labor unions to demand that the government shall discipline, or employ public servants, simply because they demand it? Shall the government be expected to refuse to work and demand that employers shall not secure service from others, shall those others be considered as a badge? It is reasonable, that in times of the greatest prosperity, when labor is scarce, it is not reasonable that it should be.

[illegible]

field days only two of the colleges will participate, thus deciding negatively the question of the making of a stipulation is, "No person shall be eligible to compete who, after matriculation, shall have failed to complete ten hours' work during any semester." This may rule out some of the prominent football men of this season.

The representatives of the different colleges were: C. H. Scott and Clarence Enysworth for U.S.C.; C. V. Newman and Ralph C. Noble for Pomona and Dan S. Hammack and Arthur W. Buelow for Occidental. A.A.U. rules apply to professionalism and the field days will be run under the regulations of the Western Intercollegiate Amateur Athletic Association.

OTHER COLLEGE NOTES.

The Misses Mae and Estelle McCune entertained a few friends yesterday afternoon at an informal tea at their home, No. 5138 Pasadena avenue. Refreshments were served on the porch.

To the Misses Marjaret Widenham, Ethel McKinlin, Leffler, Isabel S. Gage, L. Sneed Dickey and Louie L. Gorham. Invitations were given out yesterday afternoon for the annual senior reception in honor of the freshmen class. The home of Rev. W. C. Lane, W.

ACTIVITY IN TEBLOR.

The Bishop on section 13, 29, 20, is about the only company now actively at work in the Teblor district, which at one time attracted so much attention from oil men. The Bishop is deepening its well, having had much trouble with a perforator, being fast in the well, and a piece of collapsed casing. These difficulties have been surmounted and the well will be finished shortly.

The paraffine, under the management of A. W. Gillilan, has finished piling its casing, and has abandoned what was once a promising well. A test was made of the oil, but it was found to be insufficient in quantity to justify pumping. The Paraffine will seek another location with a view to sinking another well.

OIL ADVANCE IN OHIO.
(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P. M.)

LIMA (O.) Oct. 13.—The third advance for the month was made in crude oil today, prices of western oil going up two cents, while three cents was added to the quotations on eastern products. The advance did not affect active selling, as producers look for still higher prices.

"What would he do if he were to run over some one?"

"He would smile."

"What would he stop?"

"If should say 'not.'"

"What would the police do?"

"They would arrest him."

"What then?"

"He would be fined and discharged."

"That would reform him, would it not?"

"No; he doesn't mind being fined, because he has lots of money."

"How fast is that automobile going?"

"About thirty miles an hour."

"Is not that very fast?"

"Not for a scoundrel it isn't."—(The Automobile Magazine.)

Plans have been perfected for a tournament between telegraphers at Philadelphia on the afternoons and evenings of October 20 and 21.

If Its a "Garland."

That's all you need to know about a Store or Range.

Cheap Rates from The East.

To California, September 15 to November 30. Full particulars, also prepaid tickets, can be had of Jackson-Alton Excursion Co., No. 103 1/2 Broadway, New York, New York.

Edison Co. Los Angeles.

about which everybody is talking, is coming.

FOR WOMAN'S

"Just get The

Woman's clubs, her entertainments, her
pations, are delightfully treated from various

FOR ATTRACTIVE

"Just get The

The world's best illustrations makes The
of J. C. Hemmert's remarkable photo-
Hemmert's uncommon designs, in the
Rosenmeyer, Keller, Aube, Lowell, Ayres.

Of your newswallers or any Bu
at 15 cents a copy.

THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO.

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A beautiful black and
decorations, re-
motivated, reprinted
and RUTHLESS
for it and mentioned

J. W. ROBINSON & CO.

Leave your subscription at the
have all of the latest
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A. HAMBURGER &

SOCIAL DOINGS

The Delinquent

her obligations to society, and her various other views points.

THE ILLUSTRATIONS

The Delinquent

The Delinquent's pages attractive. The graphic artists, an uncommon thing in November number, and the work of G. W. Leyendecker and Eaton among the sturdiest agent, or of the publisher, \$1.00 for an entire year

COMPANY, LTD., 17 W. 126 St., New York

and white miniature reproduction of a Bazaar of the Year, and the color of the BABYHOOD, CHILDHOOD, GROWN-UP, will be sent free to any one wishing to read this paper. Write today.

CO., Agents for Delinquent

our Pattern Department.
Butterick Patterns.
New York, opp. City Hall.

SONS are Los Angeles Agents for The

GRANBEE Boston children.

Bank of America	100	100
Bank of Montreal	74	74
Bank of Toronto	100	100
Bank of Nova Scotia	100	100
Bank of New York	100	100
Bank of England	100	100
Bank of France	100	100
Bank of Germany	100	100
Bank of Italy	100	100
Bank of Spain	100	100
Bank of Portugal	100	100
Bank of Greece	100	100
Bank of Russia	100	100
Bank of Japan	100	100
Bank of China	100	100
Bank of India	100	100
Bank of Australia	100	100
Bank of New Zealand	100	100
Bank of South Africa	100	100
Bank of Argentina	100	100
Bank of Brazil	100	100
Bank of Mexico	100	100
Bank of Peru	100	100
Bank of Chile	100	100
Bank of Colombia	100	100
Bank of Venezuela	100	100
Bank of Ecuador	100	100
Bank of Panama	100	100
Bank of Cuba	100	100
Bank of Haiti	100	100
Bank of Santo Domingo	100	100
Bank of Puerto Rico	100	100
Bank of the Philippines	100	100
Bank of the Ryukyu Islands	100	100
Bank of the Hawaiian Islands	100	100
Bank of the Sandwich Islands	100	100
Bank of the Fijian Islands	100	100
Bank of the Tongan Islands	100	100
Bank of the Samoan Islands	100	100
Bank of the Tokelau Islands	100	100
Bank of the Marshall Islands	100	100
Bank of the Micronesian Islands	100	100
Bank of the Federated States of Micronesia	100	100
Bank of the Republic of the Marshall Islands	100	100
Bank of the Republic of the Palau	100	100
Bank of the Republic of the Philippines	100	100
Bank of the Republic of China	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Korea	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Vietnam	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Cambodia	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Laos	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Thailand	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Malaysia	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Singapore	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Indonesia	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Brunei	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Timor-Leste	100	100
Bank of the Republic of East Timor	100	100
Bank of the Republic of West Bank	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Gaza	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Israel	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Jordan	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Iraq	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Kuwait	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Bahrain	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Qatar	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Oman	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Yemen	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Saudi Arabia	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Turkey	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Cyprus	100	100
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Bank of the Republic of Turkmenistan	100	100
Bank of the Republic of Azerbaijan	100	100

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performed, that labor leaders should order strikes, for no sane reason, except the ability to get out of business? Is the boycott reasonable? Is it reasonable for American unions to demand that the raising of the flag for which their fathers sacrificed, fostered in American homes, and taught in American schools, be in American sanctuaries. That they should submit tamely to the leadership of the forces of foreign imperialism, turn and rend the country, which has nourished them?

"I am glad to see that the great array of workmen, who have availed their battle cry in the recent past, are clear-headed enough to see that demand for themselves no unjust privilege."

"I am respecting man in any rank of life, wants something for nothing. In the past there were rights that were denied labor. Labor organized to secure them. Rights were denied labor asked for fewer hours with the same wage. Labor received this concession. Now labor demands more. Rights are given. These were righteous demands, and American sentiment supported labor. Labor is now in the right end of the line of justice, and demands property which it has not earned, equal rights which it has not won. In short, it asks something for nothing. As the employer did, before labor fed labor, Labor asks the employer to insist on the oppression of labor. [Applause.]

"Labor leaders are drunk with victory. They command the rank and file to override law, order and justice. They live on unearned money at the expense of the laborer. They have turned into the ranks of the enemy, they, turning labor will discover them, they will take them down. They have exploited labor for what there is in it, themselves in cash and notoriety, made a swindle of it, and repudiated it. [Great applause.]

"The following expressions by Mrs. Leonard, president of the National Association of Laborers, were given several times burst into enthusiastic applause. There was no note Leonard, president of the National Association of Laborers, was given special aid by Mrs. M. K. Crellin of

MORNING SESSION.

The parliament opened yesterday morning with full delegations in attendance from every section of Southern California. The opening exercises were expedited by Mrs. J. T. Kiggins, the talented lady who presides over the morning sessions. The opening session was given to programme features. Mrs. R. G. Holmes of Azusa discouraged the City of Angels from Mrs. J. G. Cross of Monrovia lead in the discussion.

EVENING SESSION.

"The Moral Element in Public Instruction" was the general topic of last evening's session of the parliament. Bishop Conaty delivering the address. He was followed by Mr. Rogers leading the discussion. Bishop Conaty held that to do the will of God was the highest aim of education, the will of God the highest knowledge. "This accomplished," said the speaker, "the student will find that there is a purpose in his creation; that he has certain responsibilities to meet and that he is a part of the divine plan of the Creator. True education brings us into right fellowship both with God and man, and it is the purpose of education to bring us to the perfection of manhood. Not money, but morality constitutes greatness. Not literacy, but literacy; crime, but to educate our youth at the expense of morality—developing but not educating them." Addresses of welcome were delivered by Mayor Snyder for the city, and Mrs. J. G. Cross for the county. Mrs. J. G. Stevens of Santa Monica, The Mother of the City, presided.

During the day the following musical programme was rendered: Piano solo, "Fantasia Appassionata" (by Miss Grace Freebey; invocation; violin solo, "Fantasia Appassionata" (by Miss Grace Freebey; violin solo, "Nightingale's Song" (composed by Ethelbert Nevins). Mrs. H. S. Ames, "The Song of the Violets" (by Ames West) (Parks), Mrs. Merrick




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